



**BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL**

**ANNUAL REPORTS**

**of the**

**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH**

**and of the**

**CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**

**FOR THE YEAR**

**1962**



BEDWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

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Chairman:

Councillor J. W. Fletcher.

Vice-Chairman:

Councillor G. T. Hughes.

Chairman of the Council:

Councillor W. T. Tipple, J. P.

Councillor L. J. Davis.

" J. E. Greenway.

" J. Haynes.

" E. Miller.

" F. L. Perkins.

" D. W. Reid.

" (Mrs.) C. M. Ward.

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STAFF OF PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

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Medical Officer of Health:

E. M. HUGHES, M. B., Ch. B., D. P. H.

Chief Public Health Inspector, Meat and Other Foods Inspector,

Petroleum Officer:

CHARLES E. DEAKIN, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector:

HENRY BURRISS, C.R.S.I.

Cert. Meat and Other Foods

Second Additional Public Health Inspector:

THOMAS JOHN PASSMORE, C.R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.

Cert. Meat and Other Foods

Clerk:

MRS. J. BONEHAM.

Pupil:

MR. T. J. PRICE.

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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE  
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Public Health Department,  
Council Offices,  
Bedworth.

To The Chairman and Members of the  
Bedworth Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my annual report on the state of the Public Health in the Urban District of Bedworth for 1962.

Vital Statistics

During the year population figures obtained from the census held in 1961 became available. These showed that in ten years the population of the Urban District had increased from 24,932 to 32,501. This appreciable increase in population is due to the building development which is taking place all over the area.

The mid-year estimate obtained from the Registrar General's Department gave the population of the Urban District for 1962 as 33,380.

During the year 672 births occurred giving a birth rate of 17.32 per 1,000 of population. This was slightly greater than in 1961 but the rate was slightly below the national average of 18.00 per 1,000.

The number of infant deaths, that is deaths occurring in the first year of life was 13 giving an infant mortality rate of 20.60 which was slightly below the national average of 21.4. All these deaths were, in the present state of medical knowledge unavoidable as 7 were due to congenital deformities, 8 to prematurity and 3 due to broncho pneumonia.

Infectious Diseases

The number of notifications of cases of infectious diseases were less than in the previous year when there was the usual biennial outbreak of measles.

Earlier in the year outbreaks of smallpox occurred in various parts of the country when 64 cases were notified and 24 deaths occurred. These

outbreaks led to an increased demand for vaccination from members of the public, but a programme of general vaccination was not followed.

It is not fully appreciated that primary vaccination in adult life may be a dangerous procedure as complications are more liable to occur. If vaccination is performed during the second year of life the incidence of these complications is negligible and little to no discomfort is experienced on revaccination later in life.

Vaccination in early childhood is a painless procedure which leaves no large disfiguring scars which were commonly seen in the past. I cannot urge parents too strongly to ensure that their children are protected against this dread disease.

During the year 149 cases of dysentery were notified and each case was visited and fully investigated. Investigation included the submission of specimens to the Public Health Laboratory at Coventry. The bacteriological culturing of specimens, in the majority of cases, failed to produce a growth of pathogenic organisms. Where a positive culture was obtained the organism grown was *Shigella Sonnei* which gives rise to a mild form of diarrhoea which could prove serious in the case of young children. 97 cases occurred in children under the age of 15. In the case of school children, the schools were visited and staffs advised as to methods of preventing the infection spreading. Health Visitors visited affected homes and gave advice on hygiene to the mothers. Due to the efforts of everyone concerned the outbreak was contained and subsided without any serious effects.

No source was found for these cases and it is assumed that the infection was passed on from child to child who infected other members of the family.

### Water Supply

The water supply to all parts of the Urban District was satisfactory. Prior to the establishment of the North East Warwickshire Water Board, complaints, usually of discoloured water, were frequently made. These complaints are now so rare that I cannot recall when the last one was received.

Samples of mains water are, from time to time, submitted by the Board and your Chief Public Health Inspector for bacteriological examination. The results obtained showed that the water supply of the District was free from bacterial contamination.

### Personal Health Services

Warwickshire County Council, responsible for the personal health services, continued despite staff shortages to provide the usual services and even expanded many activities. An account of these services is



given in the annual reports of the County Medical Officer of Health and Principal School Medical Officer.

Finally I should like to state that the standard of health and hygiene in the Urban District of Bedworth for 1962 was satisfactory. Progress continued and the Inspectors maintained their high standard of routine work.

I should like to thank the Chairman, Councillor J. W. Fletcher and members of the Public Health Committee for their enthusiasm and support. Appreciation must also be expressed for the co-operation and assistance received from your Chief Public Health Inspector, Members of the Inspectorate and officers of other departments.

E. M. HUGHES.

Medical Officer of Health.



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TABLE 1

## A. VITAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Area of District .. .. .	7,913 acres
Population (Registrar General's Estimate) mid. 1962	33,380
Rateable Value at 31.12.62. .. .. .	£339,888
General Rate Levied .. .. .	22/8
Product of Penny Rate .. .. .	£1453
Number of Inhabited Houses, including Houses and Shops and Licensed Premises as at 31.3.62. ..	8,901

Live Births	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate .. .. .	314	317	631
Illegitimate .. .. .	12	14	26
Total .. .. .	326	331	657
Stillbirths			
Legitimate .. .. .	7	8	15
Illegitimate .. .. .	-	-	-
Total .. .. .	7	8	15
All Births .. .. .	333	339	672

Birth Rate (per 1,000 population) Crude .. .. .	19.68
Corrected .. .. .	17.32
Stillbirth Rate (per 1,000 population) .. .. .	.45
(per 1,000 total births) .. .. .	22.16

Deaths	Males	Females	Total
All ages .. .. .	228	188	416
Under one year .. .. .	5	8	13

Death Rate (per 1,000 population) Crude .. .. .	9.47
Corrected .. .. .	10.32
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births) ..	20.60
Number of women dying in, or in consequence of, childbirth -	
Deaths from Measles (all ages) .. .. .	-
Deaths from Whooping Cough .. .. .	-

TABLE 2  
VITAL STATISTICS, 1953-1962

Year	Popula- tion	No. of Deaths	No. of Births	No. of Infant Deaths	Death Rate	Birth Rate	Infant Mortality Rate	
1953	25,580	399	449	13	15.6	17.5	28.9	} 25.8
1954	27,050	462	498	10	17.1	18.4	20.1	
1955	27,570	494	557	14	17.9	20.0	25.5	
1956	27,930	443	542	16	15.9	18.9	30.3	
1957	28,640	522	538	13	18.2	18.8	24.2	
1958	29,230	354	560	17	12.1	19.2	30.4	} 24.1
1959	29,930	386	598	15	12.9	20.0	25.0	
1960	30,570	359	617	16	11.7	20.1	25.9	
1961	32,610	395	651	12	12.1	19.9	18.4	
1962	33,380	316	672	13	9.5	19.7	20.6	

5 year averages

TABLE 3  
CAUSES OF DEATH, 1962

CAUSES OF DEATH	Males	Females	Total 1962	Total 1961
All Causes .. .. .	228	188	416	395
Tuberculosis - Respiratory ..	1	-	1	-
Tuberculosis - Other .. ..	-	-	-	-
Syphilitic Disease .. .. .	1	-	1	-
Diphtheria .. .. .	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough .. .. .	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infections .. ..	-	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis .. .. .	-	-	-	-
Measles .. .. .	-	-	-	-
Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases .. .. .	-	-	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach ..	4	5	9	8
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung-Bronchus	15	-	15	10
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast ..	-	4	4	7
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus ..	-	3	3	3
Other Malignant Neoplasms .. ..	25	13	38	26
Leukaemia, Aleukaemia .. .. .	3	-	3	1
Diabetes .. .. .	-	2	2	2
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	18	42	60	68
Coronary Disease, Angina .. ..	45	20	65	47
Hypertension with Heart Disease ..	6	10	16	17
Other Heart Disease .. .. .	36	26	62	56
Other Circulatory Disease .. ..	5	3	8	14
Influenza .. .. .	3	1	4	11
Pneumonia .. .. .	13	18	31	44
Bronchitis .. .. .	26	11	37	15
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	1	-	1	6
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ..	-	1	1	6
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	-	-	-	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis .. ..	-	1	1	-
Hyperplasia of Prostate .. ..	2	-	2	5
Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion ..	-	-	-	-
Congenital Malformations .. ..	1	2	3	3
Other defined and ill-defined Diseases	12	20	32	31
Motor Vehicle Assidents .. ..	6	2	8	4
All other accidents .. .. .	2	3	5	6
Suicide .. .. .	3	1	4	2
Homicide and Operations of War ..	-	-	-	-

# INFANT MORTALITY

TABLE 4

CAUSES OF NEO-NATAL DEATHS, 1962

CAUSES OF DEATH	With Prematurity	Without Prematurity	Total
Congenital defects .. ..	-	2	2
Birth injuries .. ..	-	2	2
Prematurity .. ..	3	-	3
Asphyxia .. ..	-	1	1
Broncho Pneumonia .. ..	-	1	1
Atelectasis .. ..	1	-	1
	4	6	10

TABLE 5

CAUSES OF DEATHS OF INFANTS ONE MONTH TO ONE YEAR, 1962

CAUSES OF DEATH	With Bronchitis or Pneumonias	Without Bronchitis or Pneumonia	Total
Broncho Pneumonia ..	1	-	1
Congenital Defects ..	-	1	1
Inhalation of Vomit ..	1	-	1
	2	1	3

TABLE 6

INFANT DEATHS - WARD

Ward	Males	Females	Total
Bedworth East .. ..	-	1	1
" West .. ..	-	4	4
" North .. ..	3	2	5
Exhall East .. ..	-	-	-
" West .. ..	1	1	2
Bulkington .. ..	1	-	1
	5	8	13

B. PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS  
DISEASES - TUBERCULOSIS

TABLE 7  
NEW CASES AND MORTALITY

AGE PERIOD	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 20	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
20 - 25	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 35	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 45	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 55	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 65	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-
65 Over	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Age Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	9	8	2	2	1	-	-	-

TABLE 8

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	M	F	M	F	
Cases on Register at 1.1.62.	203	169	17	36	425
Cases removed during 1962	36	27	2	7	72
Cases added during 1962	10	16	4	2	32
Cases on Register at 31.12.62.	177	158	19	31	385

TABLE 9

## NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Cases Notified									
	0-1	1-5	5-10	10-15	15-25	25-45	45-65	+65	Total
Scarlet Fever	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
Whooping Cough	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
Measles	18	231	171	17	11	-	-	-	448
Dysentery	7	32	45	10	10	33	10	2	149
Pneumonia	-	1	1	-	1	2	1	2	8
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Food Poisoning	-	4	10	3	4	9	3	2	35



TABLE 10  
INFECTIOUS DISEASES - WARDS

DISEASE	W A R D						Total
	Bedworth E.	Bedworth W.	Bedworth N.	Exhall E.	Exhall W.	Bulkington	
Scarlet Fever	-	1	-	-	1	2	4
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Measles	68	173	85	43	71	8	448
Dysentery	-	2	-	-	147	-	149
Pneumonia	-	2	2	2	2	-	8
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Food Poisoning	1	11	10	8	4	1	35
Tuberculosis:							
Pulmonary	3	4	6	-	4	-	17
Non-Pulmonary	-	-	-	1	2	-	3

TABLE 11  
FOOD POISONING

Total number of outbreaks	Number of cases	Number of deaths	Organisms or other agents responsible with number of outbreaks of each	Foods involved with number of outbreaks of each
-	35	-	Unknown	Unknown

TABLE 12  
ISOLATION HOSPITALS  
CASES ADMITTED TO HOSPITAL, 1962

DISEASE	C O V E N T R Y		
	Males	Females	Total
Haemoptysis .. .. .	-	1	1
Diarrhoea and Vomitting .. ..	6	-	6
Bronchitis .. .. .	1	-	1
Whooping Cough with convulsions ..	1	-	1
Dysentery .. .. .	1	-	1
Dysentery with convulsions .. ..	-	1	1
Food Poisoning .. .. .	-	1	1
V. P. I. .. .. .	1	-	1
Gastro-Enteritis .. .. .	-	2	2
Tonsillitis .. .. .	-	2	2
Scarlet Fever .. .. .	-	1	1
Acute Dacryocystitis .. .. .	-	1	1
Upper Respiratory Infection ..	1	-	1
Measles with convulsions .. ..	1	-	1
Measles with Bronchitis .. ..	-	1	1
Observation .. .. .	1	-	1
TOTAL	13	10	23

C. GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR  
THE AREA

The General Practitioner Service is administered by the Warwickshire Executive Council; there are seven Medical Practitioners together with Assistants resident in the district, and two or three others living outside practice on the periphery.

There are no general hospital services directly available within the district, but adequate out-patient and in-patient facilities are provided at the Nuneaton and Coventry Hospitals, which are administered by Group No. 20 Hospital Management Committee of the Birmingham Regional Hospital Board. Cases of Infectious Disease are usually admitted to Whitley Isolation Hospital, Coventry. The bed accommodation for Tuberculous patients is provided mainly at Hertford Hill Sanatorium, near Warwick, but other Sanatoria within the Birmingham Region are used. out-patient clinics for Tuberculosis are held at Riversley Park Clinic, Coton Road, Nuneaton, and The Quadrant, Coventry, and facilities for the diagnosis and treatment of venereal disease are available at Riversley Park Clinic, Nuneaton.

The Warwickshire County Council are responsible for the arrangements made for Domiciliary Nursing, Domestic Helps, Vaccination and Immunisation, the care of Mothers and Young Children, the Prevention of Illness, Care and After-Care and the Ambulance Service under Part III of the National Health Service Act, 1946. With the exception of the Ambulance Service the administration of these services is under the control of the Area Medical Officer, Council House, Nuneaton.

The Ambulance Depot is adjacent to the Clinic, Newtown Road, Bedworth, where Infant Welfare Clinics and Clinics for School Children are held each week. These premises are also used for Ante-Natal, Ophthalmic and Sunlight Clinics, at which attendance is by appointment only. A modern, well-equipped Dental Surgery is situated at the Nicholas Chamberlaine School, where a School Dental Officer attends for the treatment of school children, and also of pre-school children and expectant mothers.

TABLE 13

Existing arrangements for all the Clinic Services provided by the Warwickshire County Council within the District are shown below:

SERVICE	SITUATION OF PREMISES	DAYS OPEN
Infant Welfare Centres (under 5 years)	Newtown Road, Bedworth.  Bennetts Road North, Keresley.  Chequers Street, Bulkington.	Mondays and Thursdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.  Tuesdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.  Wednesdays & Thursdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.
Ante-natal Clinics	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Tuesdays 9.30a.m. - 12 noon.
Mothercraft & Relaxation	Newtown Road, Bedworth.  Bennetts Road North Keresley.  Chequers Street, Bulkington.	Tuesdays & Wednesdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.  Wednesdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.  Tuesdays 2.00p.m. - 4.00p.m.
School Health Service (5 - 15 years) Minor Ailments Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.  Keresley Newlands School.  Nicholas Chamberlaine School.	Mondays & Thursdays 9.00a.m. - 12 noon.  Alternative Fridays 10.30a.m. - 12 noon.  Thursdays 10.30a.m. - 12 noon.
Eye Clinic	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Mondays By appointment.
Dental Clinic	Nicholas Chamberlaine School.	Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays by appointment.
Speech Therapy	Newtown Road, Bedworth.	Mondays by appointment.

# RESULT OF SERVICE OF NOTICE

## Dwelling Houses

Defective walls and ceilings repaired .. .. .	12
Roofs repaired .. .. .	10
Stairs repaired .. .. .	-
Rainwater Pipes and Spouting repaired or new provided	10
Defective floors repaired or renewed .. .. .	10
Fireplaces repaired or rebuilt .. .. .	-
Coppers repaired or rebuilt .. .. .	-
Yard paving repaired .. .. .	-
Windows renewed or repaired .. .. .	4
New sinks provided .. .. .	-
Defective pointing repaired .. .. .	-
Doors repaired or rehung .. .. .	2
Chimney flues and brickwork repaired .. .. .	5
New chimney pots provided .. .. .	-
Defective brickwork repaired or renewed .. .. .	3
Handrails provided .. .. .	-
Damp-proof course provided .. .. .	-

## Drainage, etc.

Drainage cleared from obstruction .. .. .	3
Drainage inspection chambers provided or repaired ..	1
Ventilating shafts improved .. .. .	-
Soil pipes repaired .. .. .	-
Defective drains re-laid .. .. .	-
Sink waste pipes and gullies repaired .. .. .	3

## Closet Accommodation

Water closet pedestals repaired or renewed .. .. .	5
Water closet cisterns repaired or renewed .. .. .	6
Water closet seats repaired or renewed .. .. .	-
Water closet accommodation provided .. .. .	-

## Water Supply

Internal water supply provided or improved .. .. .	3
Burst water supply pipes repaired .. .. .	4

## Domestic Refuse

Dustbins provided .. .. .	9
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## DISINFECTION AND DISINFESTATION

Rooms disinfected after Infectious Disease .. .. .	8
Rooms of verminous premises disinfected .. .. .	22

## D. HOUSING

### Rent Act, 1957:-

Number of applications for Certificates of Disrepair ..	14
Number of decisions not to issue certificates .. ..	-
Number of decisions to issue certificates:-	
(a) in respect of some but not all defects .. ..	-
(b) in respect of all defects .. .. ..	14
Number of undertakings given by landlords .. ..	6
Number of undertakings refused .. .. ..	-
Number of certificates issued .. .. ..	9
Number of applications for cancellation of certificates	1
Objections by tenants to cancellation of certificates	-
Decisions by Local Authority to cancel in spite of	
tenant's objection .. .. ..	-
Certificates cancelled .. .. ..	1

### Remedy of Defects during the year without Service of Formal Notices:-

Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in	
consequence of informal action .. .. ..	40

### Action taken under Statutory Powers during the year:-

Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in	
consequence of notices served under the Public	
Health Acts .. .. ..	3

## MOVEABLE DWELLINGS

No. of Licenced sites .. .. ..	7	
No. of Dwellings on Licenced sites .. .. ..		210
No. of Individual Licences .. .. ..		17
No. of Unlicenced sites .. .. ..	9	
No. of Dwellings on Unlicenced sites .. .. ..		45
No. of Individual Unlicenced Dwellings .. .. ..		16
No. of Dwellings exempt from Licence (Members of		
Showmen's Guilds, Agricultural Workers etc.)		42
	16	330

TABLE 14

The following table is based on the Ministry of Health's Report - "The Bacteriological Examination of Water Supplies", which classifies Piped Supplies as follows:

Class 1 Excellent	..	..	..	..	0	0
Class 2 Satisfactory	..	..	..	..	0-3	0
Class 3 Suspicious	..	..	..	..	4-10	0
Class 4 Unsatisfactory	..	..	..	..	Greater than 10	0 or more

\* The presence of Bact. Coli 1 immediately places the sample in Class 4.

SOURCE	Class 1		Class 2		Class 3		Class 4		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Newdegate Colliery No. 1.	7	87.5	-	-	-	-	1	12.5	8	100
Newdegate Colliery No. 2.	6	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	100
Birmingham	8	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	100
Newdegate Colliery Mixed and Birmingham	4	66.7	-	-	-	-	2	33.3	6	100
Exhall Well	1	50.0	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	2	100
20in. Borehole, Bedworth Waterworks	8	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	100
Exhall Well & 20in. Borehole Mixed	3	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	100
Town Main	17	89.47	-	-	-	-	2	10.53	19	100
All Sources	54	90.0	-	-	-	-	6	90.0	60	100

#### E. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

##### WATER SUPPLY

The Water Supply of Bedworth is constant, and is obtained as follows:-

- (a) Two sources at the Newdegate Colliery, in the West Ward of the District.
  - (i) From an adit in the Frank Shaft, 270ft. below ground surface.
  - (ii) From a 12in. borehole, 220ft. deep.
- (b) 20in. Borehole, Bedworth Waterworks.  
The borehole is 20in. in diameter and 275ft. deep.
- (c) Exhull Deep Well.  
The well is 9ft. in diameter, and approximately 260 - 300ft. deep.
- (d) Coventry Corporation.  
This is used as a Supplementary Supply, and is only drawn upon when necessary.
- (e) Birmingham.  
This is used as a supplementary supply, being piped via Nuneaton.

All this water is pumped into a storage reservoir at the Waterworks. The reservoir has a storage capacity of 750,000 galls. The water is pumped from the reservoir and boosted direct to the town. The Water Tower is now only used for night duty.

The Exhall East and West Wards are in the Water Supply district of the City of Coventry, and are supplied by that Corporation.

As a result of the above it is considered that the Water Supply of the area has been reasonably satisfactory in quantity.

No. of samples of Town's water submitted for analysis			60
	Raw Water	Treated Water	Total
(a)	Chemical	-	-
(b)	Bacteriological	36	60

No. of samples from all other sources submitted for analysis					-	
						Raw Water
						Chemical    Bacteriological
Wells ...	...	...	...	...	-	-
Spring	...	...	...	...	-	-



TABLE 15

## CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

The following table shows the number of pailclosets and cesspools in the district:

				Bedworth	Exhall	Bulkington
Pailclosets	..	..	..	7	8	30
Cesspools	..	..	..	20	48	62

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES  
TABLE 16

1. - Inspection of Factories, Workshops and Workplaces.  
including inspections made by Public Health Inspector.

PREMISES	Number of		
	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted
Factories (Including Factory Laundries) .. .. .	73	-	-
Workshops (Including Workshop Laundries) .. .. .	-	-	-
Workplaces (other than Out-workers' premises) ..	-	-	-
TOTAL	73	-	-

TABLE 17

2. - Defects found in Factories, Workshops and Workplaces

	Number of Defects				Number of offences in respect to which prosecutions were installed
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector.		
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:- *					
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-		-
Want of ventilation	-	-	-		-
Overcrowding	-	-	-		-
Want of drainage of floors	-	-	-		-
Other nuisances	-	-	-		-
Sanitary Accommodation					
Insufficient	-	-	-		-
Unsuitable or defective	8	8	-		-
Not separate for sexes	-	-	-		-
TOTAL	8	8	-		-

\*Including those specified in Sections 2,3,7 and 8 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

## FOOD PREMISES

Number of Food Premises registered under Section 16, Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

Ice-Cream	
Sale	90
Manufacture	2
Store	92
Sausages	14

## VISITS TO FOOD PREMISES

Fried Fish Shops	20
Bakehouses	8
Butchers' Shops, Stalls, Vans	120
Ice Cream Premises	189
Dairies, Milkshops	56
Catering Establishments	39

## ICE CREAM SAMPLES

During the year 175 samples of ice cream were taken and submitted for bacteriological analysis, the results of which are as follows:-

Grade	Pre-packed	Loose	Total
1	54	36	90
2	14	36	50
3	8	13	21
4	-	14	14
	<hr/> 76	<hr/> 99	<hr/> 175 <hr/>

F. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD  
MILK SUPPLY, 1962

Number of milk retailers, other than producers, resident in district 26

TABLE 18

TUBERCULOUS MILK INVESTIGATIONS

Routine Milk Samples taken by the Warwickshire County  
Council for Biological Examination during  
1962

	No. of Samples	
	Total	No. Positive
Pasteurised	-	-
Tuberculin Tested (Past)	-	-
Tuberculin Tested	2	Nil
Accredited and non-designated	18	Nil

Results of Investigations of Tubercle-Infected Milk  
Supplied during the year 1962

Number of	Cases found on routine sampling in the County	Cases reported by neighbouring County Authorities
1. Investigations	-	-
2. Cows examined	-	-
3. Milk samples for diagnostic purposes	-	-
4. Cows slaughtered under Tuberculosis Order	-	-
5. Cows removed from herds during investigations that may have been infected	-	-

MEAT

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED, 1962

DETAIL	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
No. killed	307	50	6	1675	607	Nil
No. inspected	307	50	6	1675	607	Nil
All diseases except tuberculosis and cysticerci:-						
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	2	-	Nil
Carcases of which some part or organ condemned	125	26	-	265	68	Nil
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuber- culosis and cysticerci	40.5	50.5	-	22.5	11.2	Nil
Tuberculosis only:-						
Whole carcase condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caracese of which some part or organs condemned	-	-	-	-	6	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	.99	-
Cysticercosis:-						
Carcases of which some part or organ condemned	2	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrig- eration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

# FOOD CONDEMNED DURING 1962

DETAILS	WEIGHT		
	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
22 tins of Ham, Tongue, Meat etc.		4	21
63 tins of Jam, Fruit, Fish, Vegetables, Milk etc. .. ..		3	21
Sausages .. .. .			14
Suet .. .. .			2
Lard .. .. .			26
Cammon .. .. .			8
Almonds .. .. .			16
			T
TOTAL	2	2	24

## DISPOSAL OF CONDEMNED FOOD

All condemned meat from the slaughterhouses is conveyed to a private firm in Nuneaton for processing.

All other condemned food is collected by the Council's Refuse Department and disposed of by tipping with the normal household refuse.



